

NAVINA SMART TREATMENT SCHEDULE





Introduction to transanal irrigation (TAI) is a highly individual process. The Navina™ Smart system settings will benefit the tailoring of the therapy to fit individual needs. This treatment schedule indicates what steps to take when making modifications of the individual user's irrigation therapy.

INITIATION OF TAI THERAPY

The process for initiation of the therapy will primarily be based on clinical judgment based on individual prerequisites. It is however recommended that the initiation should offer the best possible introduction for the user. The following settings should be used to support careful initiation of TAI therapy:

- 1. Frequency Every day as starting point. It is recommended to irrigate after awakening or after a meal when the bowel contractions are the best.
- 2. Balloon size Use level 2 in order to minimize trauma and avoid reflex emptying with bigger balloon size.
- 3. Volume Initially use 700 ml of water, water temperature 36-38°C.
- 4. Flow rate Setting 2.

MODIFICATIONS TO THERAPY

Weekly follow-up phone calls are recommended to be initiated by the therapist with the intention of identifying optimal performance and outcome of the irrigation.

If specific problems/symptoms are reported by the user, or there is inadequate efficacy of treatment, the therapist will advise tailoring of the TAI regime according to recommendations below.

If the user is satisfied with existing settings, continue as is. If problems/ symptoms described below occur, follow recommendations for each problem/symptom. If the user reports more than one problem/ symptom, then define and deal with the most troublesome for the user.



TREATMENT SCHEDULE TAI WITH NAVINA SMART



3B. MODIFY SETTINGS

(MOST CONCERNING SYMPTOM)

Rectal bleeding and pain

Bleeding

- A small amount of blood seen on the catheter is not a concern.
- More copious or regular bleeding requires the user to come back promptly for clinical assessment.
- Frank haemorrhage with or without pain suggests a probable perforation which should be treated as a medical emergency.

Pain

- 1. If cramps, discomfort or pain occur while instilling the irrigation fluid, ensure that water is warm enough at body temperature, 36-38°C.
- 2. If pain continues, pause instillation for a few seconds and reduce flow rate of irrigation to 50% (i.e. if setting 2 is used step down to setting 1) once the discomfort has subsided.
- In case of severe or persistent pain, stop irrigating possible bowel perforation (especially if associated with bleeding) - assess as a potential medical emergency.

Autonomic dysreflexia and autonomic symptoms

(sweating, palpitations, dizziness)

- 1. Slow down flow rate of irrigation by 50% (e.g. if setting 2 is used step down to setting 1).
- 2. If dysreflexia persists, reduce volume being irrigated with 50% (e.g. if 500 ml is used step down to 250 ml).

Leakage of water around the catheter

- 1a. Ensure catheter is properly located.
- 1b. Ensure water temperature is 36-38°C.
- 2. Increase balloon inflation by choosing the next level in the settings, e.g. if setting 1 is used increase to setting 2.
- 3. Slow down rate of irrigation by decreasing the flow rate by 50 %, i.e. if setting 2 is used step down to setting 1.

3B. MODIFY SETTINGS (MOST CONCERNING SYMPTOM)

Reflex expulsion of the catheter

- 1a. Ensure water temperature 36-38°C.
- 1b. Digital check to ensure rectum empty of stool.
- 2. Reduce rate of balloon inflation by releasing the button for balloon inflation.
- 3. Decrease balloon size, e.g. if setting 2 is used decrease to setting 1.
- 4. Suggest clinical reassessment to check for and treat constipation.

Difficulty inserting catheter or instilling irrigation fluid

- 1. Digital rectal check and removal of stool if present.
- 2. Increase frequency of TAI to ensure evacuation is adequate. E.g. if TAI is used every second day, increase to daily use.
- 3. Increase volume of water with 100 ml to ensure evacuation is adequate.

Fecal incontinence and leakage of irrigant

Fecal incontinence between uses of TAI

- Increase volume of water by small increments (100 ml) until satisfactory evacuation achieved with no fecal incontinence.
- Split the irrigation into 2 consecutive episodes, 10-15 minutes between episodes, using half the water each time.
- Increase frequency of TAI.
- Decrease frequency of TAI.
- · Consider laxative use.

3B. MODIFY SETTINGS

(MOST CONCERNING SYMPTOM)

Irrigant is not expelled

- 1a. Use adjunctive measures to treat constipation.
- 1b. Confirm user is adequately hydrated.
- 2. Repeat irrigation with 50% of volume (all other parameters unchanged), e.g. if 500 ml is used, change to 250 ml.

No stool is evacuated after TAI

- 1a. Ensure irrigation has been performed as instructed.
- 1b. Use adjunctive measures to treat constipation.
- 1c. Ensure the user is adequately hydrated.
- 2. No stool may be present if a good result was obtained at last irrigation; if this happens regularly reduce frequency of irrigation.
- 3. If no stool for several days, suspect constipation/impaction, assess and re-assess user and treat accordingly.
- 4. Increase volume of water with 100 ml. Continue to increase in 100 ml increments.
- 5. Increase flow rate by choosing the next step in the settings, e.g. if setting 2 is used increase to setting 3.

Leakage of water between irrigations

- Ensure user allows sufficient time on toilet following TAI.
- Encourage use of adjunctive measures to encourage emptying.
- Reduce amount of water instilled.
- Increase amount of water instilled.
- Split the irrigation into 2 consecutive episodes, 10-15 minutes between episodes, using half the water each time.
- Increase frequency of TAI.
- Decrease frequency of TAI.
- An anal plug can be tried if problem persists.



References

1. Emmanuel et al. PLoS One 2021 Jan 29;16(1)

At Wellspect we develop innovative continence care solutions that improve quality of life for people with bladder and bowel problems. We inspire our users to build self-confidence and independence as well as good health and well-being. We have been leading the industry for over 40 years with our product brands LoFric® and Navina™. We always aim to minimize the environmental impact of our products and passionately strive to become climate neutral.

We work together with users and healthcare professionals to improve clinical outcome in a sustainable way, now and for the future.

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